

5012279

Dry Vitamin A Acetate 500 B

Version 4.0 Revision Date 21.11.2019 Date of last issue: 18.05.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Dry Vitamin A Acetate 500 B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Ingredient for capsules and/or tablets, For the fortification of

stance/Mixture foods

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : DSM Nutritional Products Europe Ltd

PO Box 2676 CH-4002 Basel

Telephone : +41618157777
Telefax : +41618157770

E-mail address of person : sds.nutritionalproducts@dsm.com responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+41 848 00 11 77 (Carechem 24 International)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B H360D: May damage the unborn child.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

egory 3 fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical ad-

vice/ attention.

Disposal:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Dispose of contents/ container to an ap-

proved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

127-47-9 retinyl acetate (vitamin A acetate)

2.3 Other hazards

Risk of dust explosion.

Women of childbearing age must avoid any overexposure.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Brief description of the product : Mixture (preparation) containing active ingredient and auxiliary

substances

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
retinyl acetate (vitamin A acetate)	127-47-9 204-844-2	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Repr. 1B; H360D Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	>= 10 - < 25
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (BHT)	128-37-0 204-881-4 01-2119565113-46	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 1 - < 2.5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

Further ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	GHS Classification	Concentration [%]
Starch	9005-25-8 232-679-6		>= 10 - <= 30
sucrose	57-50-1 200-334-9		>= 10 - <= 30

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. After any accidental exposure women should seek medical

advice from a physician.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

2/10 MSDS GB/EN

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Headache, Irritability, Tiredness, Drowsiness, Nausea, Vomit-

ing, Signs of increased intracranial pressure, Generalized desquamation of the skin (after ca. 24 hours), Skin irritation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water

Foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: None known.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Consider dust explosion hazard.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8. For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

For personal protection see section 8.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Avoid dust formation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation

at places where dust is formed. Take precautionary measures

against static discharges.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light. Protect from humidity.

Keep container tightly closed and dry.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters	Basis	
starch	9005-25-8	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits.				
retinyl acetate	127-47-9	TWA	0.06 mg/m3	DSM Internal Limit	
sucrose	57-50-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		STEL	20 mg/m3	GB EH40	
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p- cresol	128-37-0	TWA	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	



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Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection

: Consider the hazard characteristics of this product and any special workplace conditions when selecting the appropriate

type of protective gloves.

Glove material: for example nitrile rubber

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : free flowing particles

Colour : light yellow

Odour : No information available.
Odour Threshold : No information available.

pH : No data available

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : Not applicable

Flash point : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Density : not determined
Water solubility : not determined
Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Thermal decomposition : Decomposes on heating.

Potential for exothermic hazard

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2 Other information

Combustibility index for de-

posited dust

: 3 (23 °C)

: 3 (100 °C)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Dust explosion class : St(H)1 (Milled sample, Median value of the tested sample

0.123 mm, Loss on drying 5.7 %; The value was determined

in the modified Hartmann tube.)

Minimum ignition energy : 10 - 30 mJ (Milled sample, Median value of the tested sample

0.123 mm, Loss on drying 5.7 %, EN 13821)

The Minimum ignition energy (MIE) of a dust/air mix depends on the particle size the water content and the temperature of the dust. The finer and the dryer the dust the lower the MIE.

: General remark: The indicated dust explosion characteristics are only valid for this product and are sensitive to the sample's

parameters.

Powder volume resistivity : ca. 5E+12 Ohmm (Product sample, Median value of the test-

ed sample 0.295 mm, Loss on drying 4.0 %)

The material can accumulate static charge and can therefore

cause electrical ignition.

Minimum ignition temperature of a dust/air mix

: 360 °C (Median value of the tested sample 0.123 mm) deter-

mined in the BAM oven

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids and strong bases Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

(calculated from LD50 of components)

Skin irritation : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye irritation : May irritate eyes.

Sensitisation : No known indication for sensitizing effect.

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Genotoxicity in vitro

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retinyl acetate : not mutagenic, not genotoxic (Various test systems)

Carcinogenicity : No indication for carcinogenicity known.

Teratogenicity

retinyl acetate : Teratogenic

embryotoxic

STOT - single exposure (A-

cute exposure)

: Remarks: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Experience with human exposure

retinyl acetate : RDA (Recommended Daily Allowance) 0.8 mg pure vitamin A

(retinol) per day established for men

RDA (Recommended Daily Allowance) ca. 0.7 mg pure vita-

min A (retinol) per day established for women

Experience with human exposure: Skin contact

retinyl acetate : Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Local irritation

Experience with human exposure: Ingestion

retinyl acetate : Acute overdose produces the following symptoms:

Headache, Irritability, Tiredness, Drowsiness, Nausea, Vomiting, Signs of increased intracranial pressure, Generalized

desquamation of the skin (after ca. 24 hours)

Further information : May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol : Daphnia magna (Water flea)

EC50 (48 h) 0.48 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 202)

No data is available on the product itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

retinyl acetate : Not readily biodegradable.

33 % (28 d)

(OECD Test Guideline 301B)

2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol : Not readily biodegradable.

4.5 % (28 d)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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(OECD Test Guideline 301C)

No data is available on the product itself.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

12.4 Mobility in soil

Distribution among environmental compartments

: No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to

> be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or

higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

tion

Additional ecological informa: : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product.

Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

MSDS GB/EN 8/10

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Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regu-

lations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

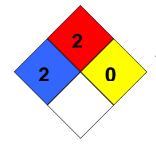
Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

NFPA Classification : Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 2 Reactivity Hazard: 0



15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H360D : May damage the unborn child. H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H413 : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways, ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not

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Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

DNEL - Derived No-Effect Level; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA); PNEC - Predicted No-Effect Concentration; STEL - Short term exposure limit; TLV-C - Ceiling Limit Value; TWA - Time Weighted Average; WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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